

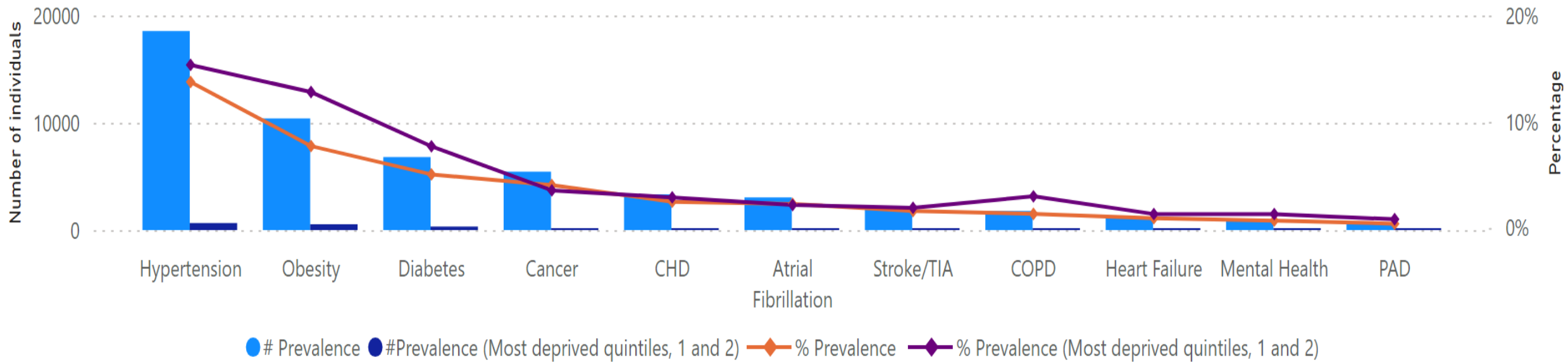
# Health Wellbeing (HWB) Dashboard NW

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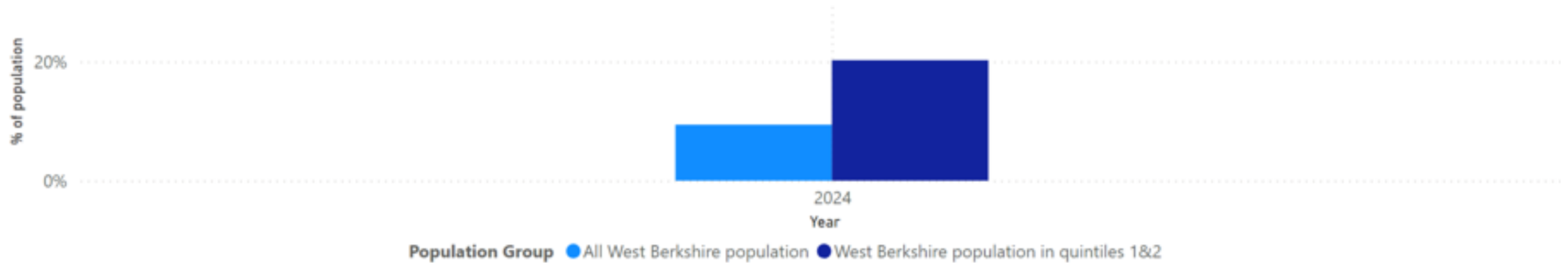
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### 1.1 Disease prevalence (number of individuals and percentage of population) of major disease groups in West Berkshire, comparing the GP registered population as a whole to those living in the most deprived areas (IMD quintile 1&2)



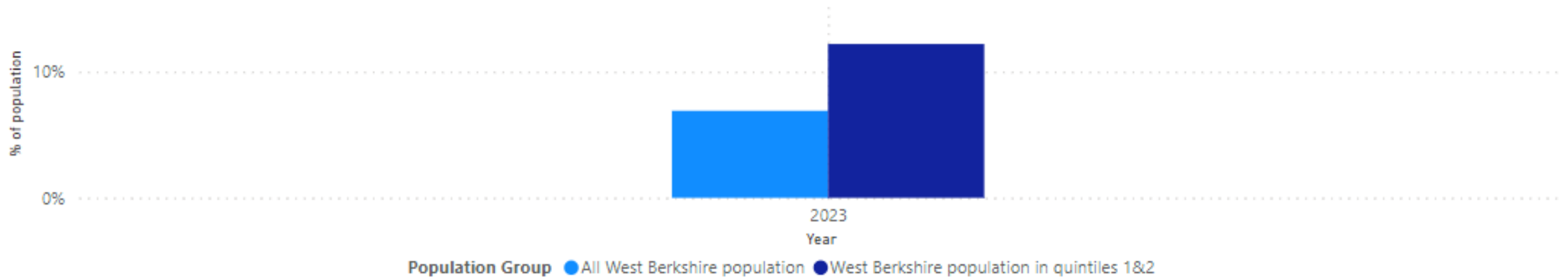
The percentage prevalence of obesity, diabetes, mental health conditions, and COPD is higher in the population living in the most deprived quintiles. (Frimley Local Insights)

### 1.3 Proportion of West Berkshire's GP registered population who smoke, compared to the proportion of those living in the most deprived areas of West Berkshire (IMD quintile 1 & 2) who smoke



Smoking prevalence is significantly higher in the most deprived population. (Frimley Local Insights)

### 1.4 Proportion of West Berkshire's GP registered population who are obese, compared to the proportion of those living in the most deprived areas of West Berkshire (IMD quintile 1 & 2) who are obese

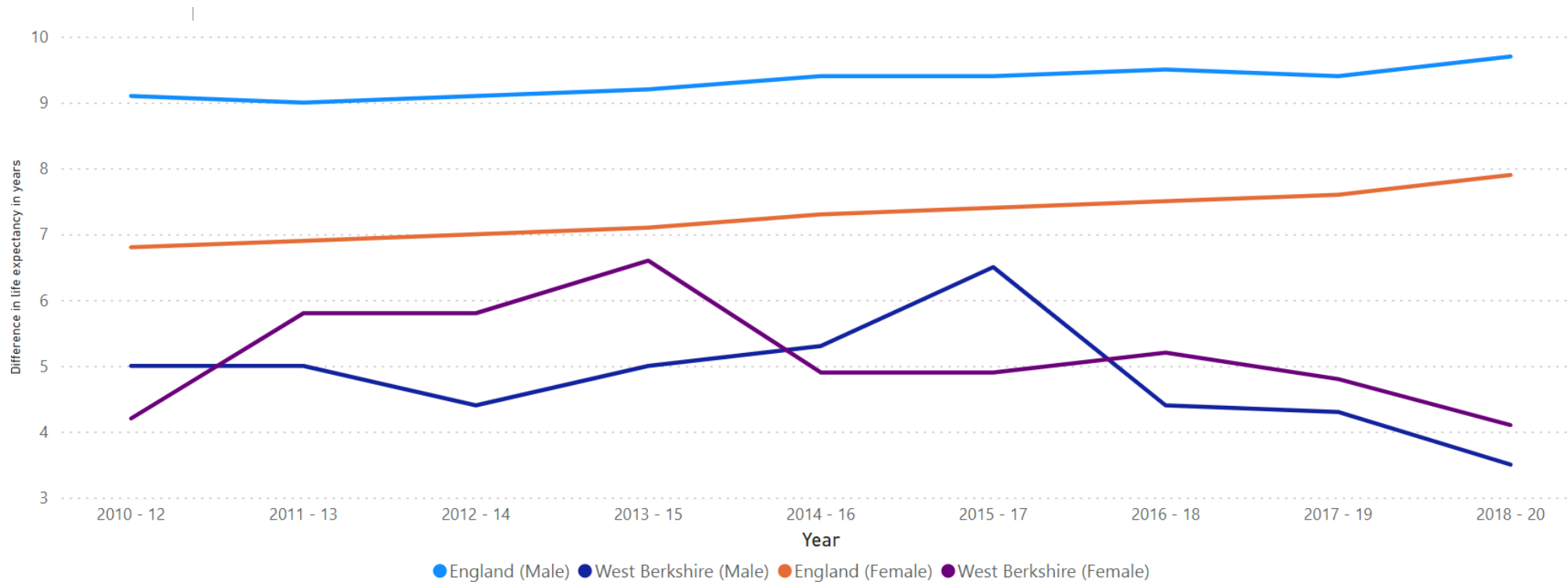


Registered prevalence of obesity is higher in the most deprived population. (Frimley Local Insights)

# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

## Priority 2 - Support individuals at high risk of bad health outcomes to live healthy lives

### 2.1 Difference in life expectancy at birth between the most deprived and least deprived areas in west Berkshire and England, by Gender

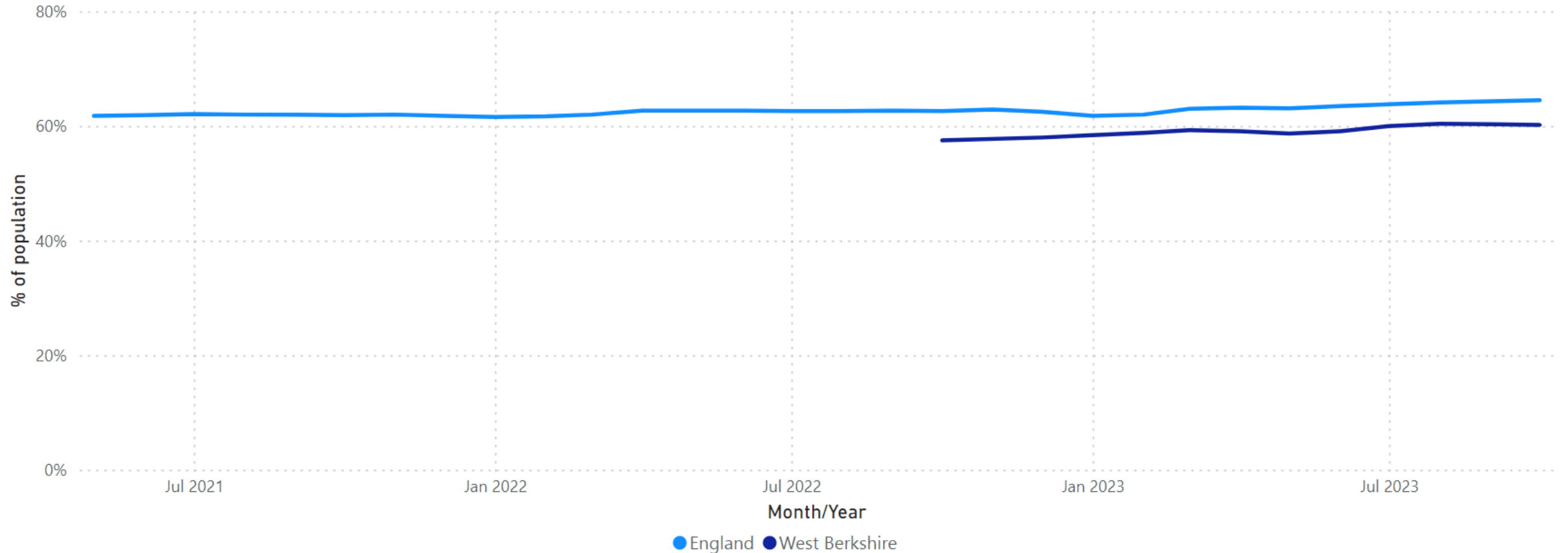


Life expectancy at birth is calculated for each deprivation decile of lower super output areas within each area and then the slope index of inequality (SII) is calculated based on these figures. The SII is a measure of the social gradient in life expectancy, i.e. how much life expectancy varies with deprivation. It takes account of health inequalities across the whole range of deprivation within each area and summarises this in a single number. This represents the range in years of life expectancy across the social gradient from most to least deprived, based on a statistical analysis of the relationship between life expectancy and deprivation across all deprivation deciles. In West Berkshire the difference in life expectancy at birth for females (4.1 years) is lower to England (7.9 years), and is also lower for males (3.5 years) compared to England (9.7 years). (Fingertips/PHE)

# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

## Priority 2 - Support individuals at high risk of bad health outcomes to live healthy lives

### 2.2 Percentage of those aged 65 years+ who are estimated to have dementia who have received a diagnosis, in West Berkshire and England

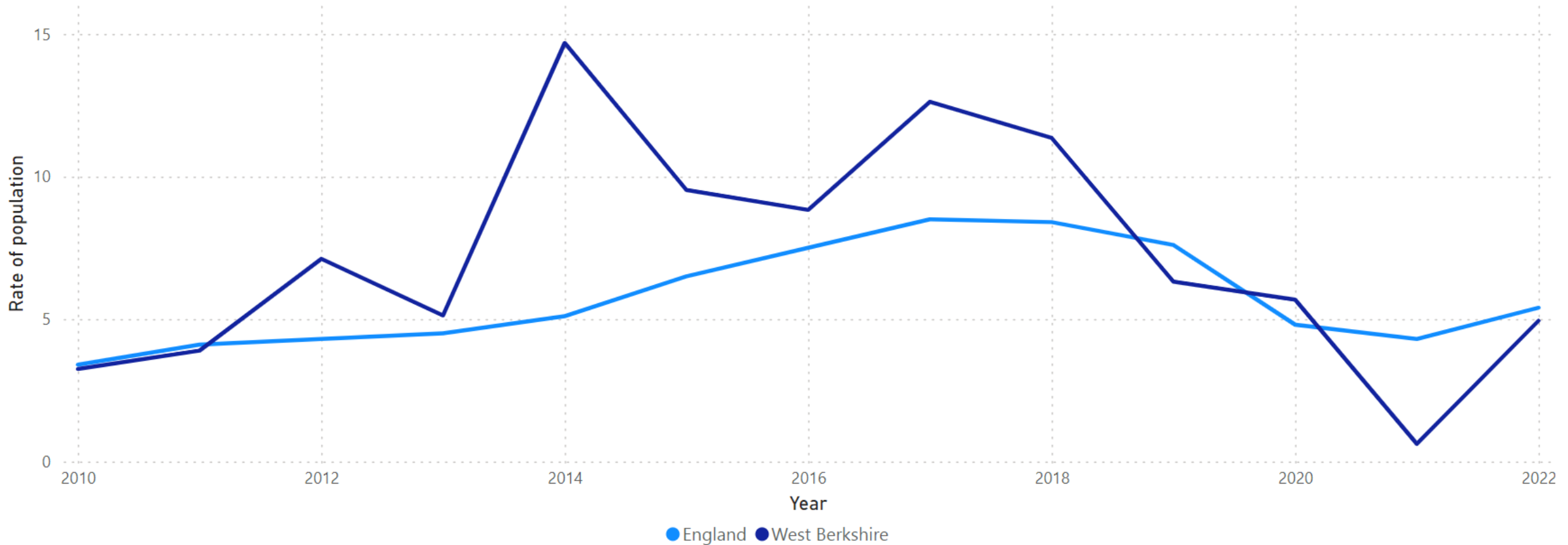


In West Berkshire 60.2% of those aged 65 or over estimated to have dementia have a coded diagnosis of dementia as of July 2023, which is lower than England (64.5%). (NHS Digital)

## Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

### Priority 2 - Support individuals at high risk of bad health outcomes to live healthy lives

#### 2.3 Rate of people sleeping rough in West Berkshire and England (per 100,000 population)

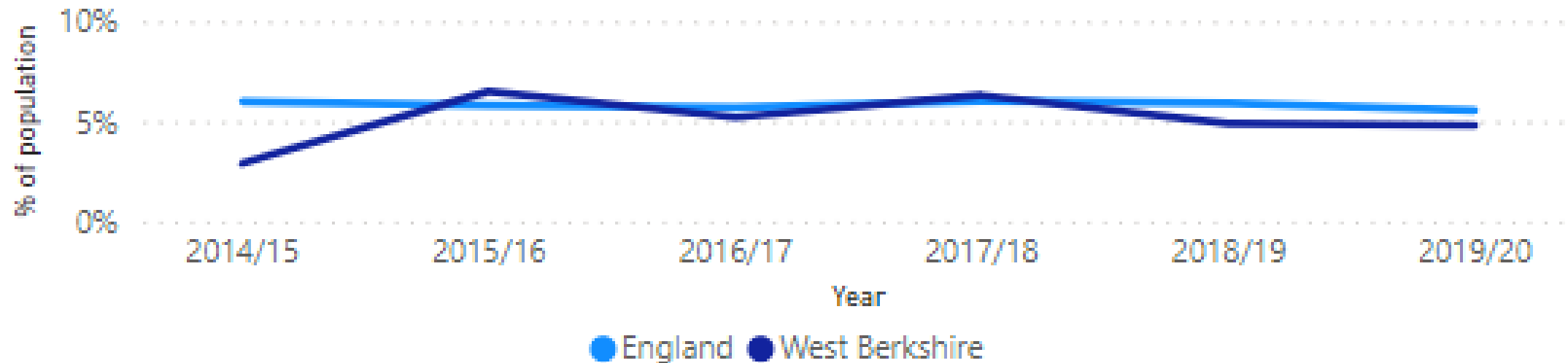


The rate of people sleeping rough in West Berkshire has increased between 2021 and 2022 from 0.62 per 100,000 to 4.94 per 100,000. This is similar to England with 5.4 per 100,000. (Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities)

## Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

### Priority 2 - Support individuals at high risk of bad health outcomes to live healthy lives

#### 2.4 The proportion of supported working-age adults with learning disabilities in paid employment in West Berkshire and England



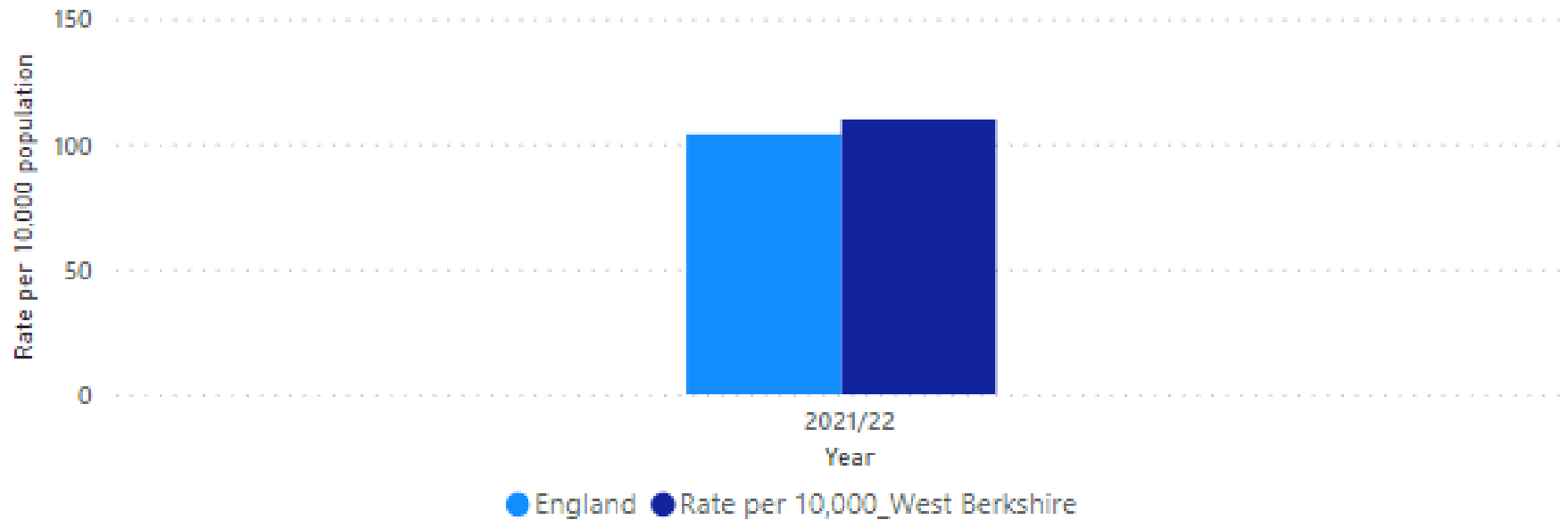
The percentage of supported working-age adults with learning disabilities who are in paid employment has remained same over time in West Berkshire and is currently 4.8%. This is similar to England (5.6%). (Fingertips/PHE)per 100,000. This is similar to England with 5.4 per 100,000. (Department for Levelling Up, Housing and Communities)



# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

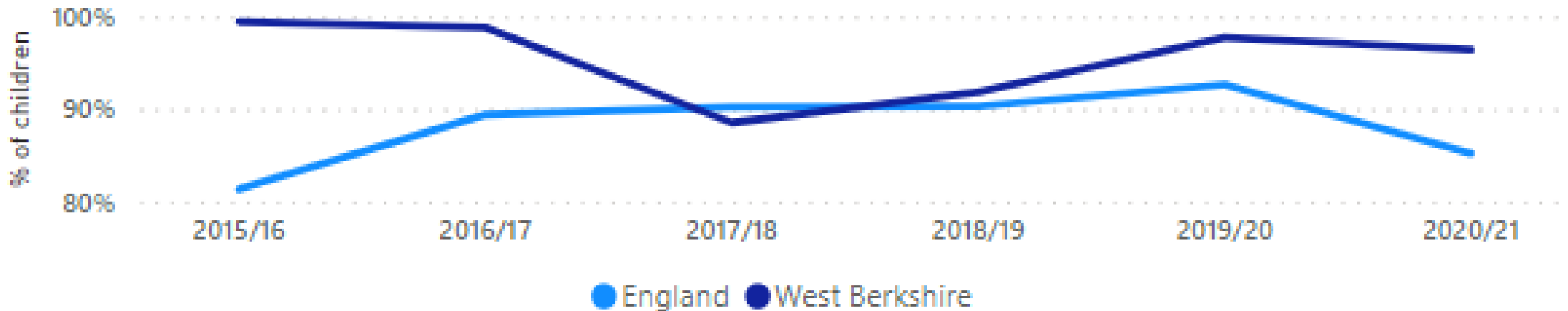
## Priority 3 - Help families and children in early years

3.2 Number of hospital admissions, per 10,000 children aged 0-4 years, caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in West Berkshire and England



West Berkshire has a similar rate (109.7 per 10,000) of hospital admissions for unintentional and deliberate injuries in children aged 0-4 to England with 103.6 per 10,000. Note: there is no historic data for this indicator. (OHID/Child and Maternal Health)

### 3.3 Percentage of children being reviewed using The Ages and Stages Questionnaire 3 (ASQ-3) at their HCP 2 year review by the Health Visiting Team in West Berkshire and England

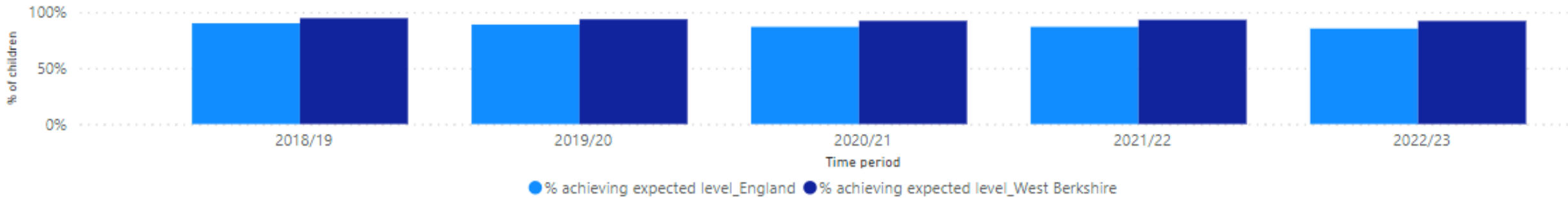


The Ages and Stages Questionnaire-3 (ASQ-3) covers five domains of child development: communication, gross motor skills, fine motor skills, problem-solving, and personal-social development. Health visiting teams should have been using ASQ-3 as part of HCP two-year reviews from April 2015. This indicator shows the proportion of 2-2½ reviews that use the ASQ-3. West Berkshire has a higher percentage (96.4%) of children receiving ASQ-3 than England (85.2%). (OHID/Public Health Profiles)

# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

## Priority 3 - Help families and children in early years

3.4 Percentage of children achieving the expected level in communication skills at 2 to 2 and a half years in West Berkshire and England

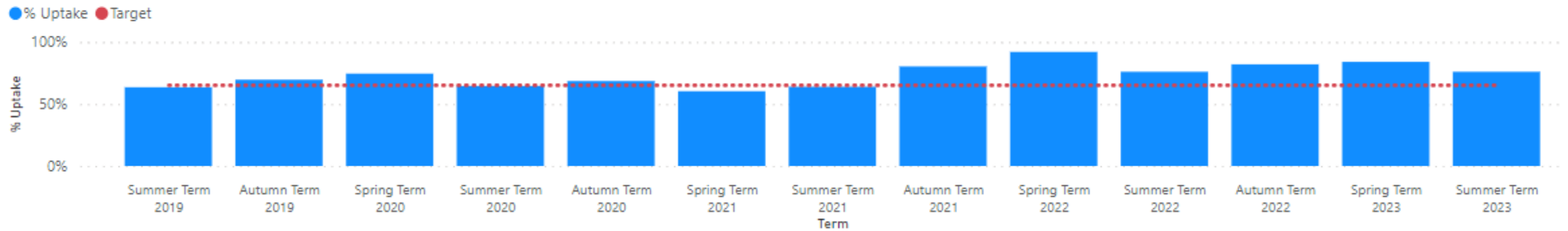


This indicator comes from the public health outcomes framework and shows the percentage of children achieving the expected level in communication skills. West Berkshire has a higher percentage (92%) than England (85%). (Fingertips)

# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

## Priority 3 - Help families and children in early years

3.5 The percentage take up of targeted 2 year old funding for eligible children



Currently the proportion of uptake of funding for eligible disadvantaged 2-year-old children is above the target of 65% at 76%. (Early Years Team)

# Health & Wellbeing Strategy Priorities

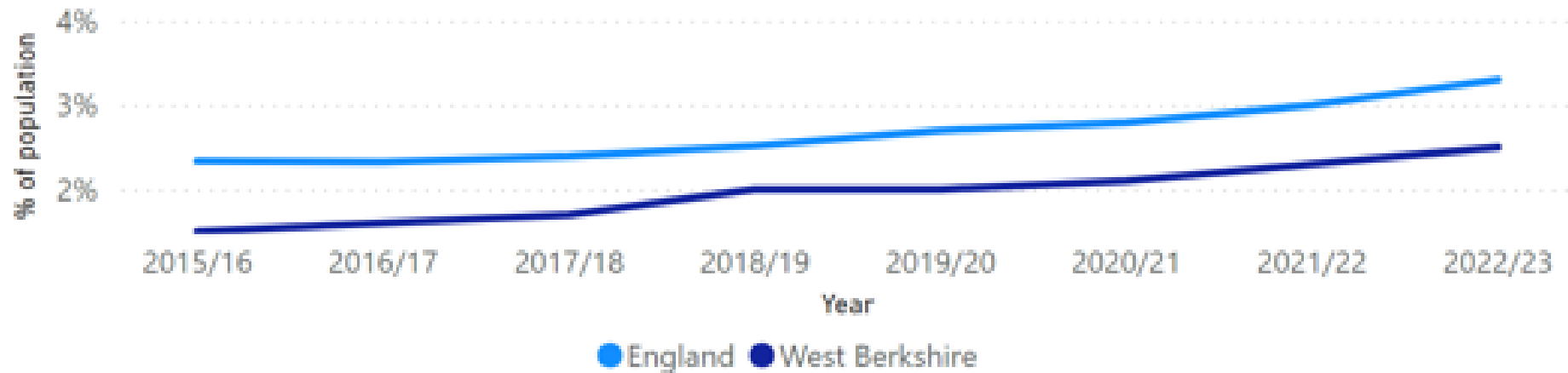
## Priority 3 - Help families and children in early years

### 3.6 Health Visiting Data

| Time Period  | Quarter | Antenatal numbers seen (Target 100%) | New Birth Visits within 14 days (Target 95%) | 6-8 Weeks Review Uptake within 8 weeks | 6-8 Weeks Breast Feeding Recorded | 6-8 Weeks Breast Feeding at all | One Year Review Uptake | 15 Months Review Uptake | 2.5 Years Review Uptake |
|--------------|---------|--------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2023/24      | Q1      | 58                                   | 91   | 84                                     | 93                                | 59                              | 80                     | 89                      | 98                      |
| 2023/24      | Q2      | 75                                   | 93   | 82                                     | 93                                | 55                              | 85                     | 81                      | 99                      |
| 2023/24      | Q3      | 42                                   | 92   | 86                                     | 92                                | 56                              | 90                     | 85                      | 100                     |
| <b>Total</b> |         | <b>175</b>                           | <b>276</b>                                   | <b>252</b>                             | <b>278</b>                        | <b>170</b>                      | <b>255</b>             | <b>255</b>              | <b>297</b>              |

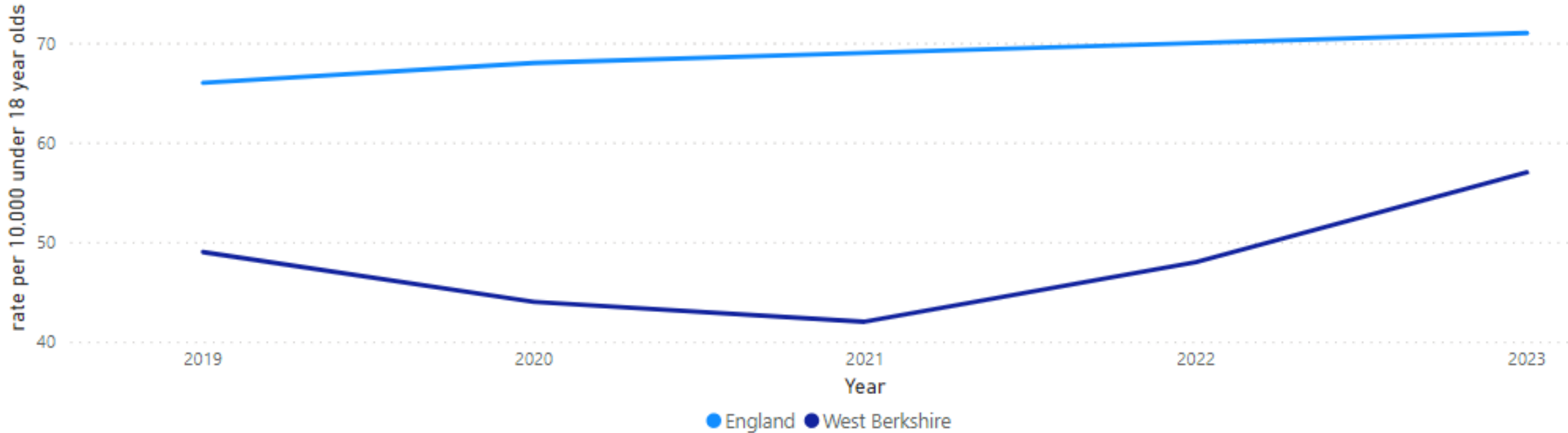
Source: OHID/Health visiting metrics

#### 4.1 Percentage of all school pupils who have social, emotional and mental health needs as their primary Special Educational Needs (SEN) identified in West Berkshire and England



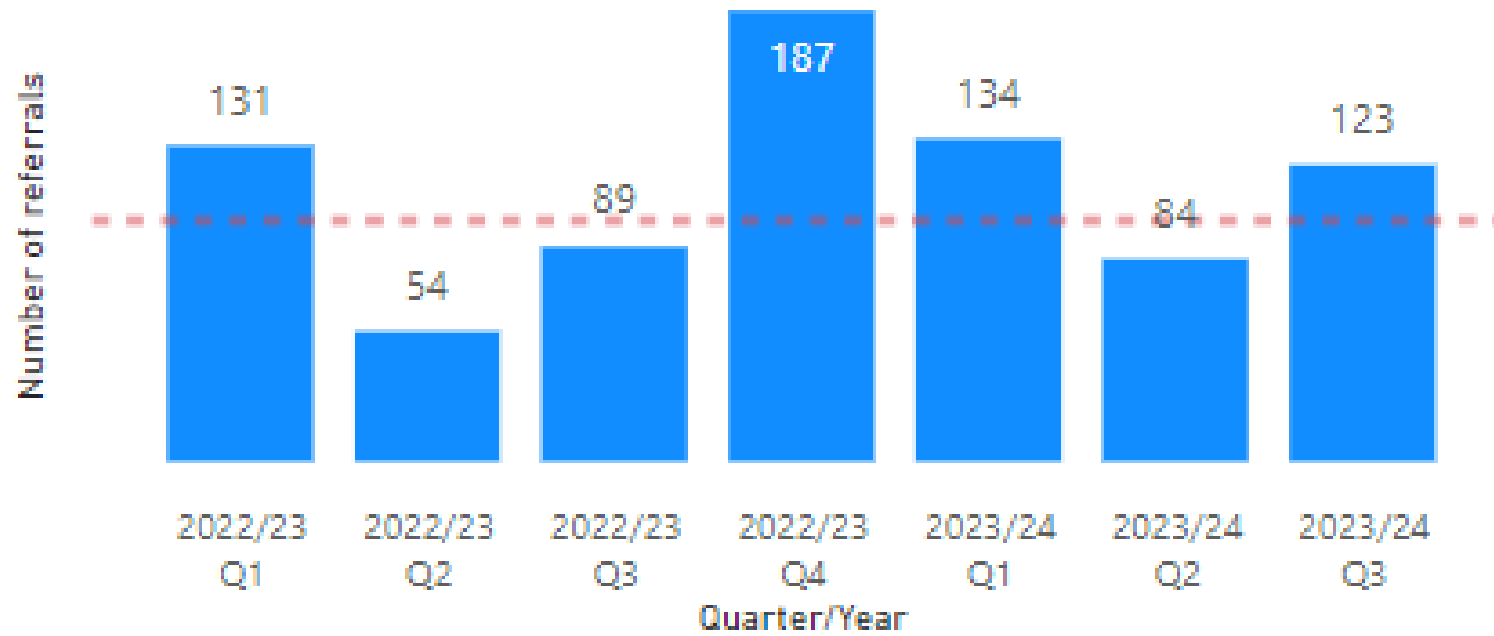
The indicator shows the proportion of school children with Special Education Needs (SEN) who are identified as having social, emotional, and mental health as the primary type of need, expressed as a percentage of all school pupils. West Berkshire has a slightly lower percentage (2.5%) of pupils with social, emotional, and mental health needs than England (3.3%). (OHID/Public Health Profiles)

#### 4.2 Rate of children in care per 10,000 under 18 population in West Berkshire and England



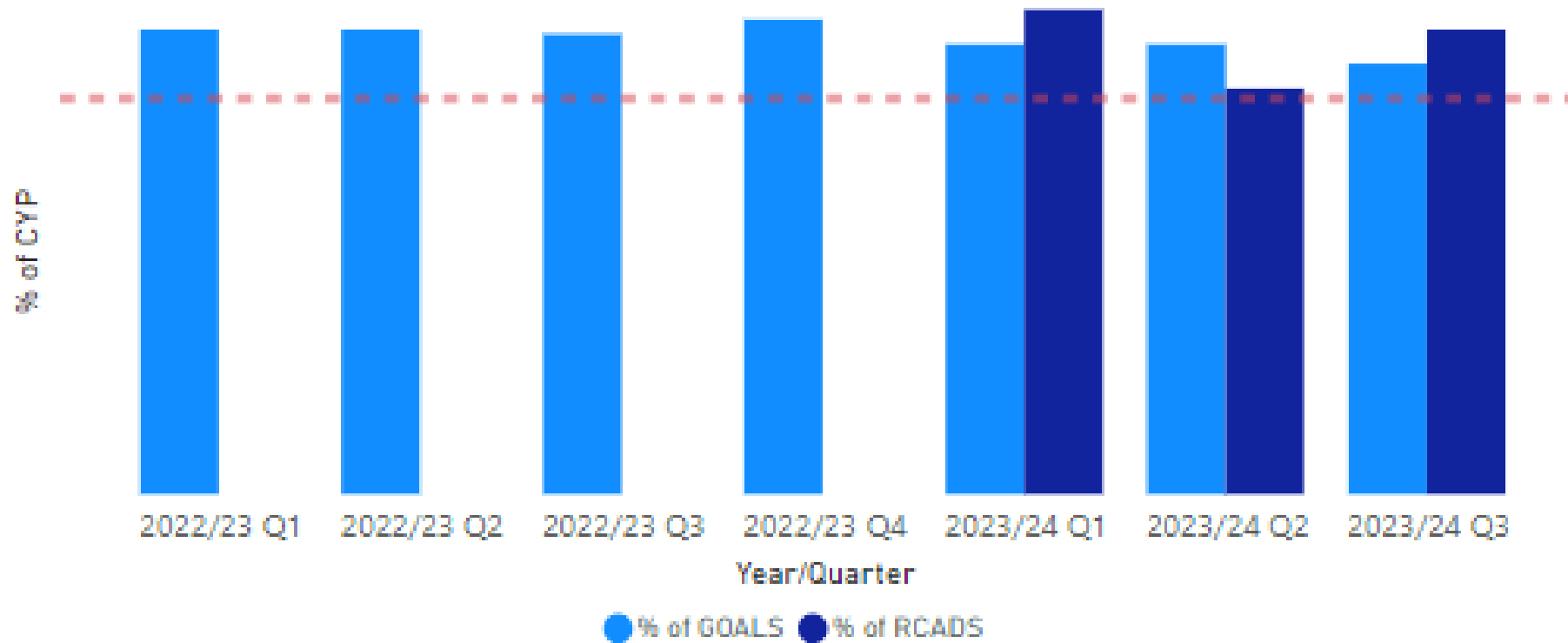
The indicator shows the rate of children in care at 31 March for each year (rate per 10,000 population aged under 18 years). West Berkshire has a lower rate of children in care than England, with 57 per 10,000 and 71 per 10,000 respectively. (Explore Education statistics GOV.UK)

**4.4 Number of referrals of children aged 18 years and under to the Mental Health Service Team in West Berkshire against the target**



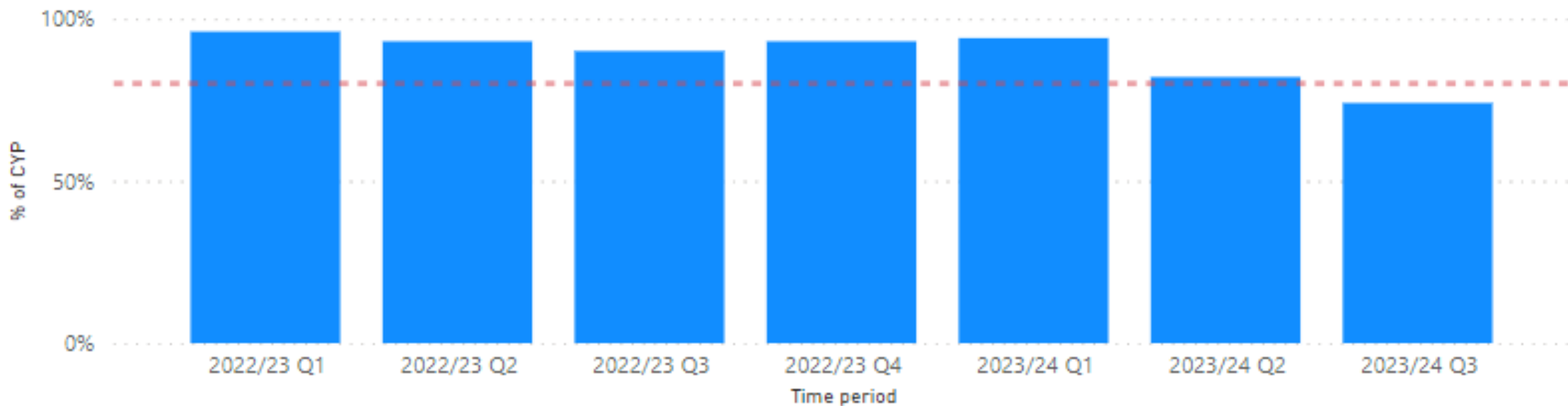


**4.5 Percentage of children and young people engaged with MHST who have moved toward their goals**

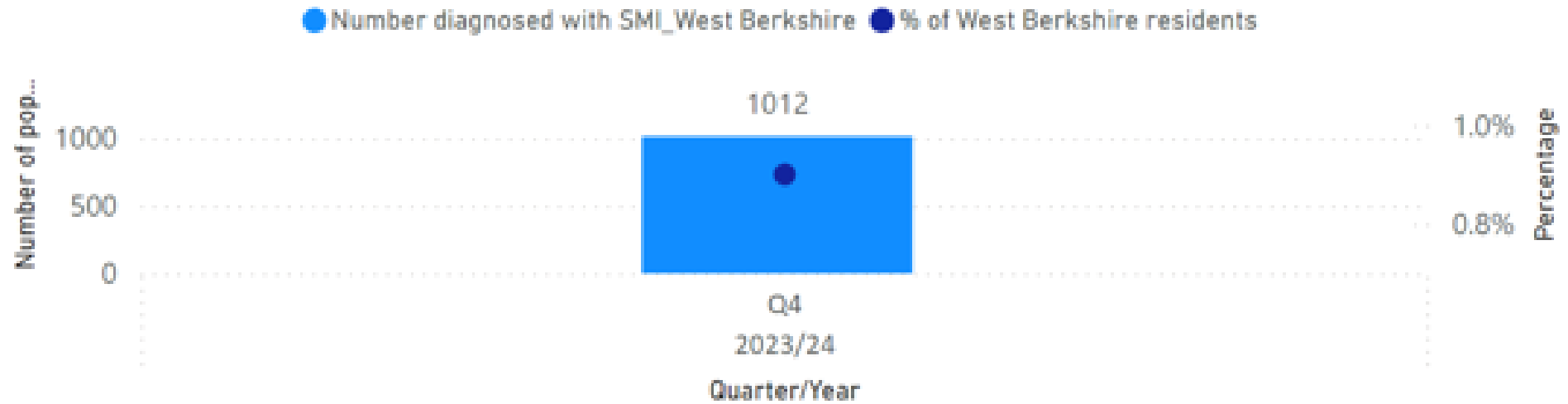


RCADS = Revised Children’s Anxiety and Depression Scale

4.6 Percentage of children and young people working with the Primary Mental Health Team who have moved towards their goals in West Berkshire

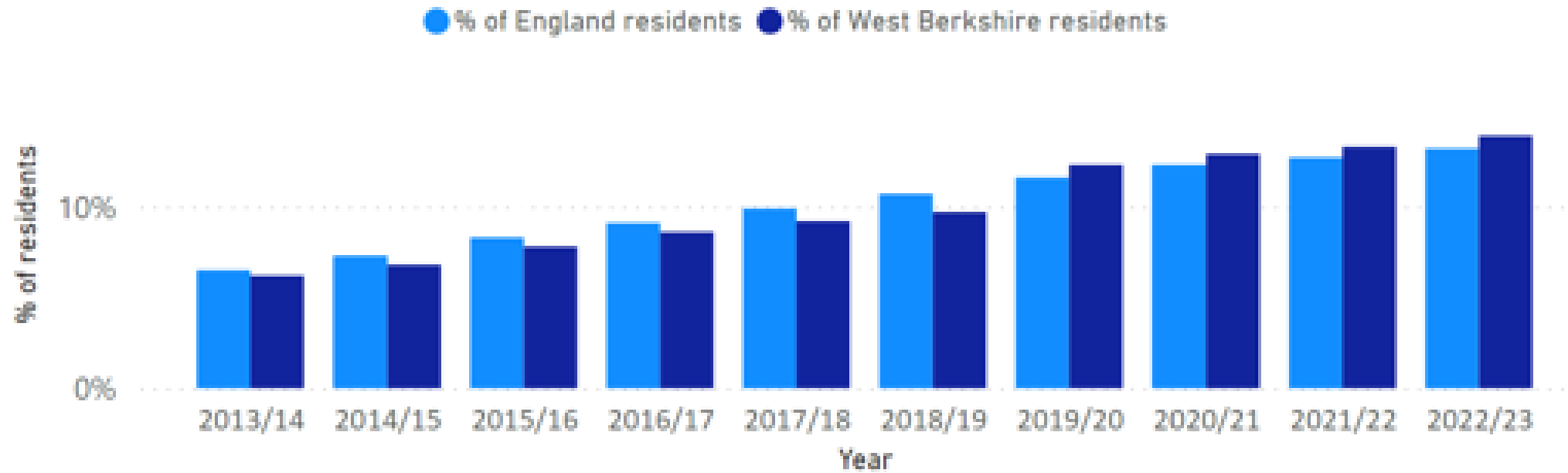


#### 5.1 Number and proportion of the population diagnosed with Serious Mental Illness in West Berkshire



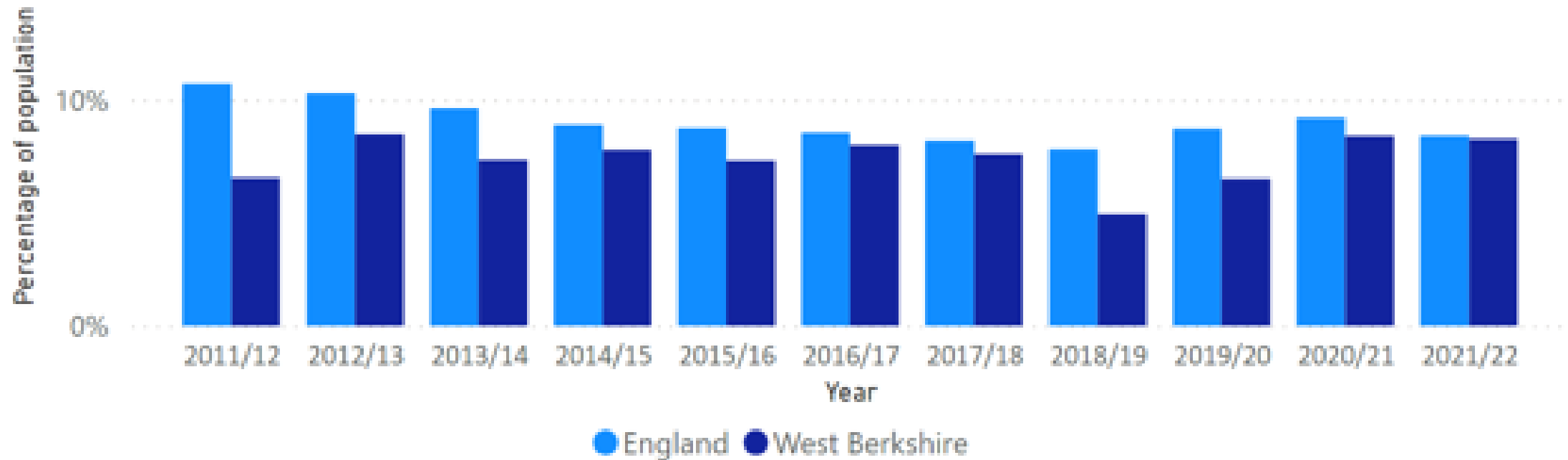
The prevalence of Serious Mental Illness is currently at 0.9% in West Berkshire. (Frimley Local Insights)

## 5.2 Number and proportion of the population diagnosed with Depression in West Berkshire



The prevalence of depression is currently 13.9%. (Quality and Outcomes Framework (QOF), NHS England)

#### 5.4 Self-reported well-being (happiness/anxiety/satisfaction/worthwhile) - Low happiness score



The indicators comes from the Annual Population Survey (APS). The indicators are based on the four questions below:

Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?

Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?

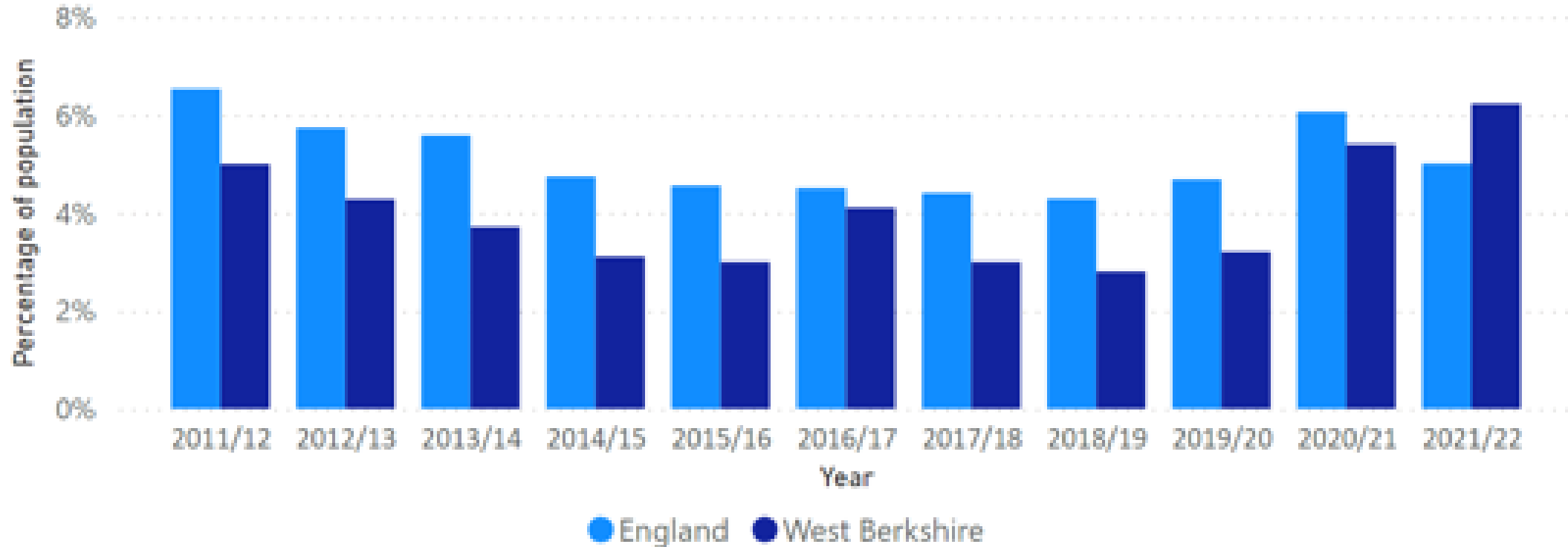
Overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?

Overall, to what extent do you feel the things you do in your life are worthwhile?

Responses are given on a scale of 0 to 10 (where 0 is “not at all satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile” and 10 is “completely satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile”).

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), Office for National Statistics (ONS)

#### 5.4 Self-reported well-being (happiness/anxiety/satisfaction/worthwhile) - Low satisfaction score



The indicators come from the Annual Population Survey (APS). The indicators are based on the four questions below:

Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?

Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?

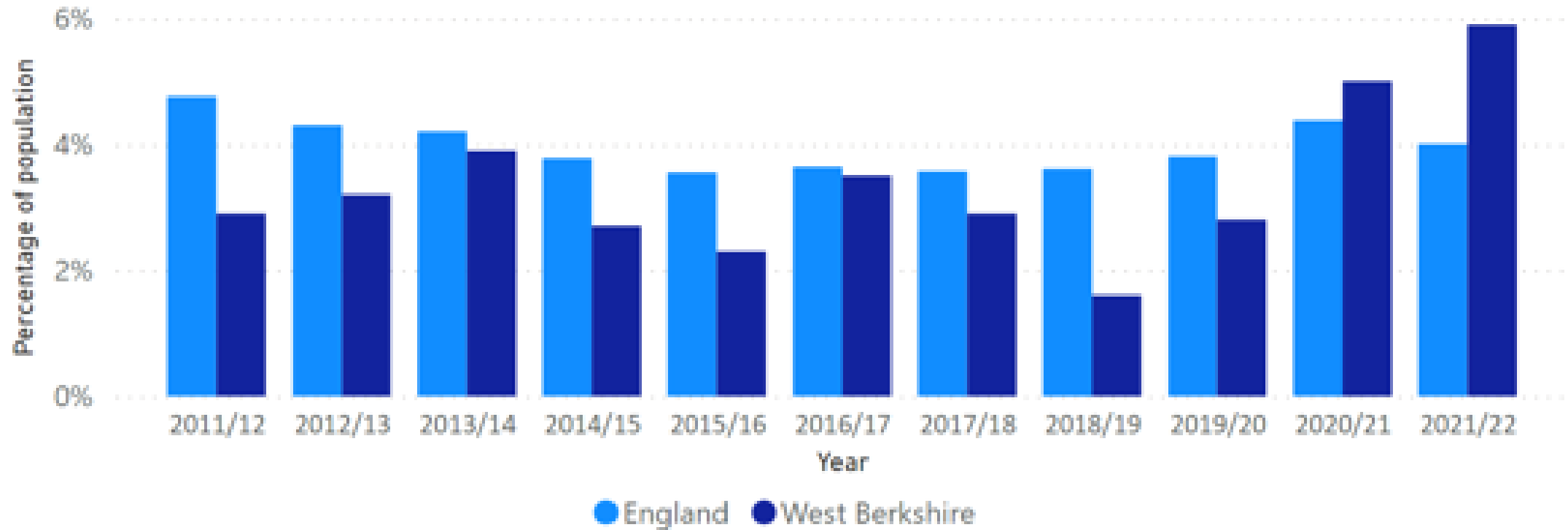
Overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?

Overall, to what extent do you feel the things you do in your life are worthwhile?

Responses are given on a scale of 0 to 10 (where 0 is “not at all satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile” and 10 is “completely satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile”).

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), Office for National Statistics (ONS)

#### 5.4 Self-reported well-being (happiness/anxiety/satisfaction/worthwhile) - Low worthwhile score



The indicators comes from the Annual Population Survey (APS). The indicators are based on the four questions below:

Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?

Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?

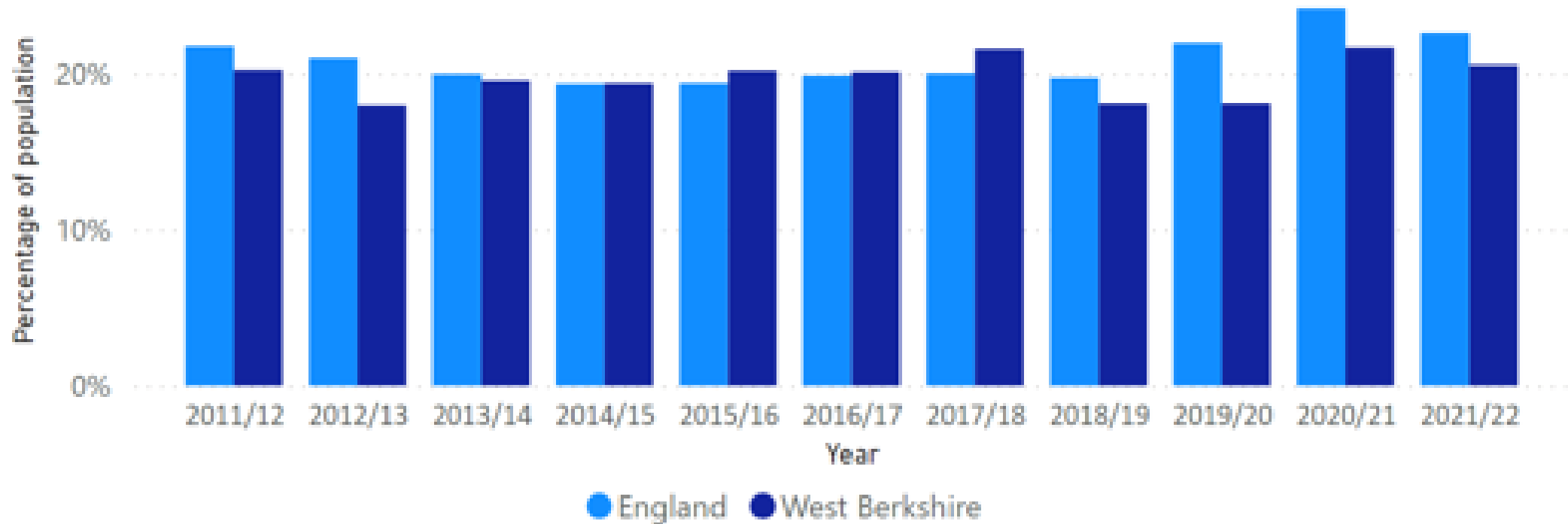
Overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?

Overall, to what extent do you feel the things you do in your life are worthwhile?

Responses are given on a scale of 0 to 10 (where 0 is “not at all satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile” and 10 is “completely satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile”).

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), Office for National Statistics (ONS)

#### 5.4 Self-reported well-being (happiness/anxiety/satisfaction/worthwhile) - High anxiety score



The indicators comes from the Annual Population Survey (APS). The indicators are based on the four questions below:

Overall, how satisfied are you with your life nowadays?

Overall, how happy did you feel yesterday?

Overall, how anxious did you feel yesterday?

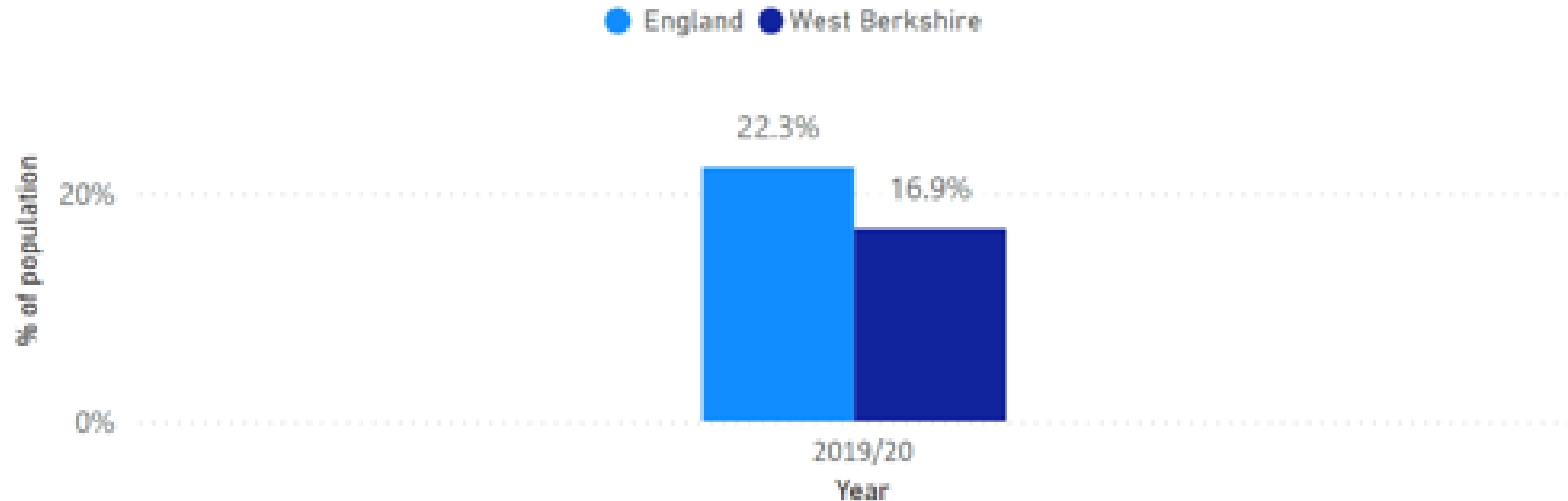
Overall, to what extent do you feel the things you do in your life are worthwhile?

Responses are given on a scale of 0 to 10 (where 0 is “not at all satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile” and 10 is “completely satisfied or happy or anxious or worthwhile”).

Source: Annual Population Survey (APS), Office for National Statistics (ONS)



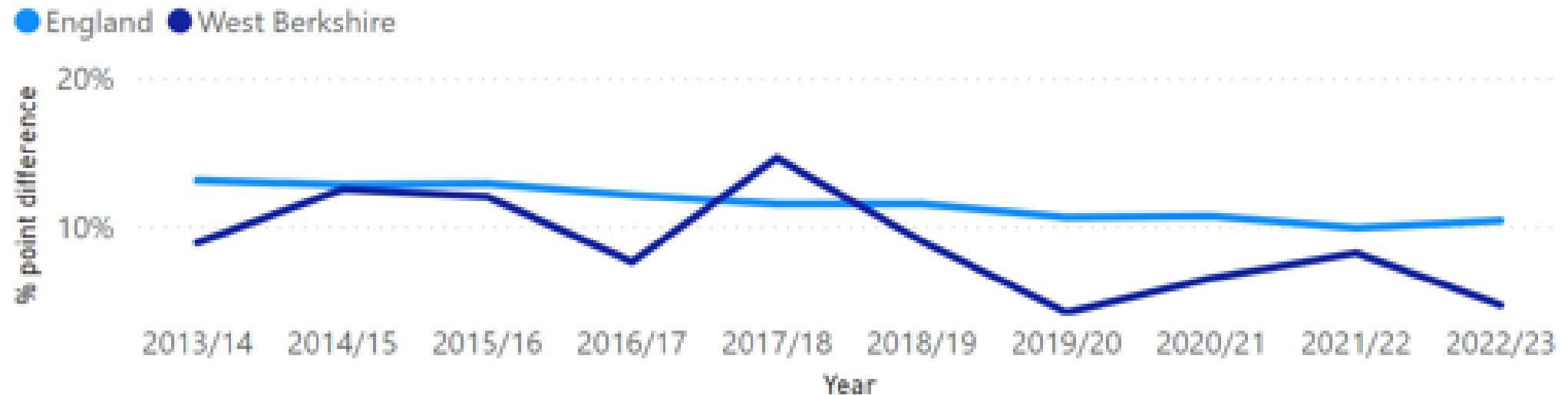
#### 5.5 Percentage of people who feel lonely often, always, or some of the time in West Berkshire and England



This indicator comes from the Active Lives Adult Survey, Sport England. It shows the percentage of adults (aged 16 and over) that responded to the question "How often do you feel lonely?" with "Always or often" or "Some of the time". (OHID/Public Health Profiles)

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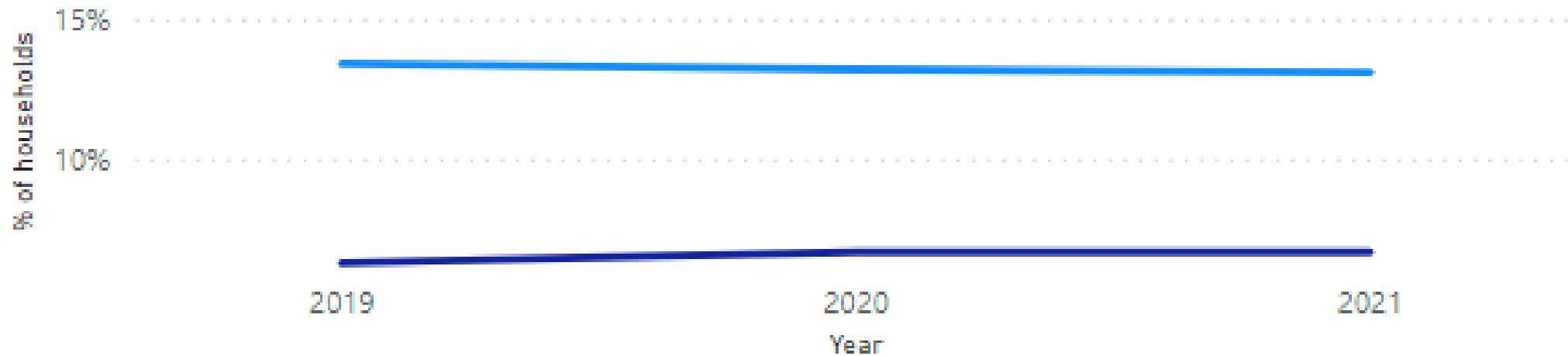
**5.6 The percentage point difference between the percentage of those with a physical or mental health long term condition (aged 16-64 years) who are classified as employed and the percentage of all respondents classified as employed in West Berkshire and England**



This indicator shows the percentage point gap between the percentage of respondents in the Labour Force Survey who have a long-term condition who are classified as employed (aged 16 to 64) and the percentage of all respondents in the Labour Force Survey classed as employed (aged 16 to 64). In West Berkshire the gap (4.7) is similar to England (10.4). (OHID/Public Health Profiles)

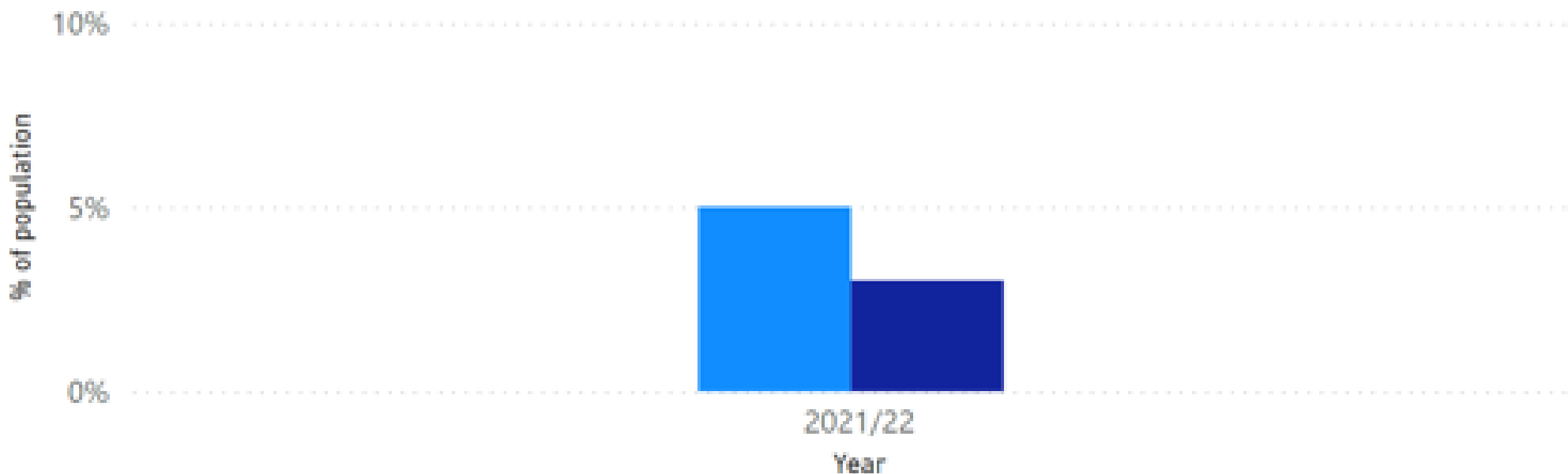
**5.7 percentage of households that experience fuel poverty (based on low income, low efficiency methodology) in West Berkshire and England**

● England ● West Berkshire



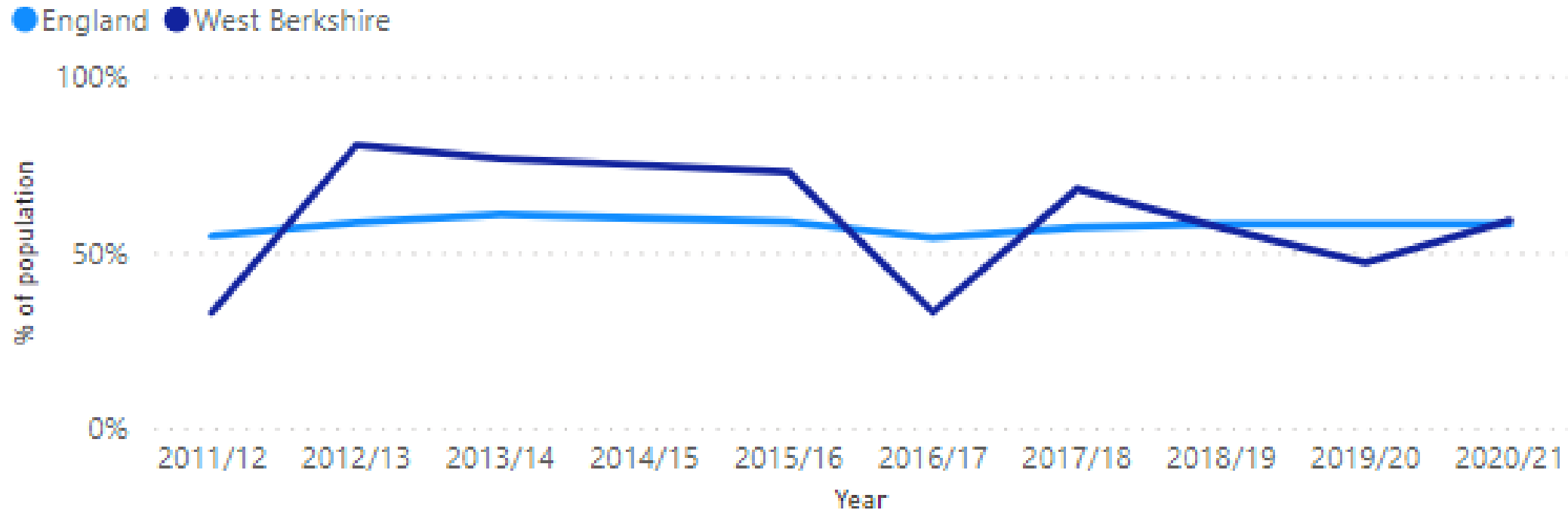
#### 5.8 Unemployment rate (%) in working age population in West Berkshire and England

● England ● West Berkshire Percent



The indicator shows the percentage of the working-age population who are claiming Jobseeker's Allowance plus those who claim Universal Credit and are required to seek work and be available for work. The overall unemployment rate in West Berkshire is lower than England. Note: this is a new indicator that replaces the previous model-based unemployment rate and there is no comparable historical data. (OHID/Public Health Profiles)

### 5.9 Adults in contact with secondary mental health services who live in stable and appropriate accommodation (%)



The percentage of adults aged 18-69 who are in contact with mental health services and live independently. West Berkshire has a similar percentage (59%) than England (58%). (OHID/Public Health Profiles)